The following instructions are for the installation of PointSaver™ ignition module on Kohler K-series and Onan engines with battery ignition systems.

Please note – The PointSaver™ is constructed of the highest available quality of solid-state components. It is over-designed for high reliability and durability in service. However, it can be ruined in an instant if wiring is incorrectly attached during installation! It is important that these directions are followed explicitly.

Refer to the attached wiring diagram and follow these step-by-step instructions.

1) Disconnect the negative lead of the battery.

2) Be certain that the breaker points are in serviceable condition. It is highly recommended that new breaker points and spark plug be installed for optimal performance. Use the standard Kohler settings for point gap of .020 and spark plug gap of .035. New points sets are sometimes preserved with light oil. Clean thoroughly with brake cleaner or lacquer thinner before installing.

3) Disconnect the condenser from the negative (-) coil terminal. Use of a condenser is not required with this system. You may elect to keep condenser mounted on engine for switching back to conventional ignition if the need arises.

4) Remove the breaker point lead wire from the negative (-) terminal of the coil.

5) PointSaver™ is designed to operate with the stock Kohler engine ignition coil. If the coil is a replacement, check resistance across the positive (+) and negative (-) terminals. Resistance should be between 3 and 4 ohms. The use of aftermarket coils with resistance values lower than 3 ohms is not recommended and could cause failure of module.

6) Find a convenient and suitable mounting point on the tractor for PointSaver™. A location under the instrument panel or inside the steering pedestal area is recommended. Areas exposed to excessive heat, vibration, or dampness should be avoided.

7) Secure PointSaver™ module with two (2) suitable fasteners (not included). Never mount using only one screw – vibration will cause case tab to fatigue fail. This type of failure is not covered under the warranty.

8) Connect the RED lead wire ring terminal of the module to the negative (-) terminal of the coil.
9) Connect the BLACK lead wire ring terminal of the module to the breaker point lead wire ring terminal using a short, #10 screw, nut, and lock washer (not included). Tighten screw securely then wrap terminal connection with electrical tape. For a neater and more permanent connection, a crimped, solderless wire connector may be substituted.

10) Connect the GREEN lead wire ring terminal of the module to any convenient ground on the engine. A ¼ inch diameter ring terminal is provided. Screws attaching the blower housing, cam gear cover, fuel pump cover plate, or voltage regulator (AQS models) are all suitable. Do not attach ground to the screws that attach the ignition coil bracket to sheet metal cylinder baffles. Cracks in sheet metal can occur that lead to marginal ground paths resulting in erratic operation.

11) Connect the negative lead of the battery.

12) Start the engine and verify normal operation.

Note: Some wire length alterations may be required for your application. Adding longer leads is permissible as long as a similar gage and grade of wire insulation is used. Always solder wire splices and insulate with heat shrink sleeves.

The following instructions apply to setting ignition timing with PointSaver™ ignition module equipped with LED static timing light.

1) Remove spark plug from cylinder head (this allows easier rotation of engine by hand).

2) Remove breaker point cover.

3) Rotate the engine clockwise (viewed from flywheel end) by hand. The breaker points should just begin to open when the S or SP flywheel mark appear in the center of the timing sight hole.

4) Align the S or SP flywheel mark to center in the sight hole or to align with the stationary mark on the bearing plate or blower housing.

5) Turn ignition switch to the on (run) position.

6) Loosen the breaker points adjusting screw. With a clear view of the LED timing light on PointSaver™ module, move the point adjustment (using a screwdriver in provided slot) to the closed and just-open positions. When points are open, LED will be lighted; with points closed, LED will be off. Note: If LED glows dimly when points are closed, this indicates poor ground, usually caused by contamination on the point contact surfaces. Clean points thoroughly with brake cleaner or lacquer thinner.

7) With points closed and LED off, move adjustment slowly to open points while watching the LED. The location where the LED just turns on is where the points “break”. This is the spot where ignition is considered “timed”. Tighten
breaker points adjusting screw. Note: The breaker points will not necessarily be at .020 gap when properly timed to engine. A resulting gap of .016 to .025 is considered normal. Remember, proper timing is what is critical, not the point gap.

8) Rotate engine back and forth a few degrees by hand. LED function should be coincident with S or SP flywheel marks aligning with previously mentioned stationary marks. If timing marks and LED function do not coincide, repeat steps 6 and 7.

9) Turn ignition switch to the off position.

10) Refit breaker point cover and spark plug.

11) Start the engine and verify normal operation.

Troubleshooting Ignition System Problems

Engine runs erratically or misses
a) Old points pitted or oxidized. Clean points or install new set.
b) Poor ground. Clean paint from under ring terminal on green ground lead.
c) Condenser still attached to points circuit. Disconnect condenser.
d) Spark plug incorrectly gapped. Set gap to .035.
f) Points push rod sticking or worn. Replace.

Engine will not run
a) Check for spark at plug. Remove spark plug and crank engine. Spark should be bright blue with a “snap” sound. If no spark, try a fresh plug.
b) Check for proper voltage at coil. Measure across positive (+) terminal to ground to verify 12 volts minimum.
c) Points contaminated. Clean contacts with brake cleaner or lacquer thinner. Note: LED will be completely off when points are closed and making proper ground contact. If LED glows dimly, clean points.
d) Points not contacting. Points out of adjustment. Readjust gap to .020. Check for spark at plug. Repeat timing procedure as stated above.
e) Loose connections. Check and secure all wire connections including splices on wire extensions. Make certain ground is secure.
f) Bad ignition coil. If all the above checks indicate normal functioning, chances are that the coil has failed from vibration. Replace.

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IMPORTANT! Disconnect condenser from circuit

+12 Volts from ignition switch

High voltage lead to spark plug

12V Coil
3 to 4 Ω primary resistance

Red wire to negative (-) terminal on coil

Condenser

Green wire to ground (on engine)

Black wire to points

Breaker points

LED static timing light

Point Saver™